

# REPORT ON VIOLENCE AND VIOLATIONS BASED ON REAL OR PRESUMED SEXUAL ORIENTATION OR GENDER IDENTITY DURING THE MONTH OF JULY 2024

12<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 2024

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### 1. Introduction

This is the 14<sup>th</sup> monthly report on violence and other human rights violations on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity/ expression since the Anti-Homosexuality Act (AHA) came into force on 30<sup>th</sup> May 2023. The report discusses cases in which known or suspected LGBTIQ persons were targeted for violence and violations purely on the basis of their SOGIE as reported in the month of July 2024. This report builds on the reports produced earlier in this series and therefore seeks to build on the data available about the enforcement of the AHA 2023 from 30<sup>th</sup> May 2023 to date.

# 2. Methodology

This report provides an overview of cases of violence and human rights violations on the basis of SOGIE that were reported to the HRAPF legal aid clinic in July 2024. The data for this report was collected using both qualitative and quantitative methods of data collection, and it was independently verified and analysed to ensure its accuracy.

Quantitative data was obtained from a review of case files, which method yielded data on the number of cases handled and the number of cases in which acts of violence or other human rights violations were identified. This data was then subjected to a further in-depth qualitative analysis to ascertain the circumstances under which the incidents occurred, in order to ascertain that only cases in which such acts were perpetrated purely or primarily on the basis of real or presumed SOGIE are included in the report.

The data presented in this report is limited by the fact that it covers only cases reported through the HRAPF legal aid network. The report presents a fair picture of the situation for LGBTIQ persons across the country as reported to HRAPF's countrywide network of community paralegals, regional legal aid centres, specialized legal aid desks and the main legal aid clinic, but it may not be representative of all LGBTIQ persons' lived realities during the month, as we acknowledge the possibility that not all cases that occurred in July 2024 were reported to HRAPF's network.

# 3. Nature and number of cases reported

HRAPF handled a total of 72 cases in the month of July 2024, marking a reduction from the 81 cases handled in June 2024. Out of the 72 cases handled, 34 cases involved actions that directly targeted people for negative treatment on the basis of their SOGIE, representing 47.2% of all the cases handled during the month of July 2024. There was a slight increase in the number of cases in which individuals were targeted for negative treatment on the basis of their SOGIE, from 32 cases in June 2024 to 34 cases in July 2024 (a 6.25% increase), and the number of victims of these incidents increased from 34 persons in June to 40 persons in July 2024 (a 17.6% increase).

Out of the 34 cases in which LGBTIQ people were specifically targeted for detrimental treatment during the month of July 2024, 13 cases involved violence and threats of violence against persons on the basis of their SOGIE, 11 cases involved arrests based on sexual orientation and/or gender identity, while 10 were eviction cases.

This section of the report provides detailed data on these cases.

### 3.1 Cases involving actual and threatened violence

Cases involving violence and threats of violence against individuals on the basis of their real or presumed SOGIE were the highest category of cases registered during the month of July 2024 at 14 verified cases affecting 15 persons. This is a slight reduction from the 15 cases affecting 16 victims reported in June 2024.

# *i.* Cases of actual violence on the basis of sexual orientation/gender identity

There were 9 cases of actual violence against persons on the basis of their real or presumed SOGIE in July 2024, affecting 10 persons. This violence was perpetrated by unknown persons in 6 cases, members of the general community in which the victims resided in 2 cases and the neighbours in 1 case. All the cases involved physical violence and the clients sustained injuries, some of which were serious. 3 of these cases were reported in Wakiso, 2 in Kampala, 2 in Busia and 1 case each in Omoro and Isingiro districts.

No.		Case code	Date	of	District	Nature of	Perpetrator	Brief facts	No.	of
			reportin	ıg		violence			victims	
	1.	HRAPF/PA/625/2	1/7/25		Busia	Physical	Community	The client was attacked by persons	1	
		024				assault	members	from within his community who		
								accused him of being a homosexual.		
								While the client was at his home		
								seated, several people in company of		
								their defence secretary came to his		
								home accusing him of being a		
								homosexual. They started assaulting		
								him and in the process of defending		

The table below discusses these cases in detail:

						himself, he grabbed one of the people who had come to assault him and went with him to Busia Police Station. He reported an assault case against him unfortunately, the person was never detained and the case has never proceeded to court.	
2.	HRAPF/PA/624/2 024	2/7/24	Busia	Physical assault	Unknown persons	While the client was on his way home from work, a certain man who was unknown to him stopped him as if he wanted to inquire about something. A few minutes after the client stopped to talk to the man, several other men approached the client and started assaulting him. They accused him of being a homosexual and that he was recruiting young boys around Busia town into homosexuality. More people emerged from hiding and started assaulting him. During the attack, the clients' phone was stolen.	1
3.	HRAPF/PA/626/ /2024	2/7/25	Kampala	Physical assault	Community members	The client was assaulted by a mob on suspicions of being a homosexual. This was after the client hosted a friend for a period of two weeks and when his friend's mother learnt about her son being hosted by the client, she mobilised several people around the village who started assaulting the client accusing him of being a homosexual.	1

4.	HRAPF/PA/622/2 024		Kampala	Physical assault	Unknown person	The client was assaulted by unknown men on his way home at around 9:00pm. Three men who were unknown to him pounced on him and started beating him while accusing him of being gay because he usually associated with a certain transgender woman who several people around their village had always accused to be a homosexual.	
5.	HRAPF/PA/628/2 024	5/7/24	Isingiro	Physical assault	Unknown persons	The client was assaulted by a group of men who were unknown to him. They accused him of being a homosexual and ordered him to vacate the refugee settlement alleging that he was the one leading to the problems which they were having in their home country, Congo.	
6.	HRAPF/PA/623/2 024	6/7/24	Omoro	Physical assault	Unknown persons	The client went to visit his friend but found when he had briefly moved out and left his door open. He entered inside his friend's house and decided to wait for him. After a few minutes, some young man who was unknown to the client also came looking for the client's friend and he also entered inside and decided to wait for the clients' friend. While they were both seated inside waiting for their friend, some people started making noise that the client was a homosexual who was assaulting the second visitor. Two men forcefully	1

						entered the house and started assaulting the client and threatened to report him at police. The client sustained serious injuries which required hospitalisation.	
7.	HRAPF/PA/627/2 024	6/7/24	Wakiso	Physical assault	Unknown persons	The client was assaulted by unknown persons while she was from her workplace heading to her home at around 7:00pm. The persons who assaulted her accused her of promoting homosexuality.	1
8.	HRAPF/PA/629/2 4	14/7/24	Wakiso	Physical assault	Neighbours	One of the clients' neighbours outed them as a lesbian. She mobilised some men who were unknown to the clients. These men invaded their home, assaulted them and destroyed their property and that as a result of the attack, the clients sustained serious bodily injuries.	2
9.	HRAPF/PA/630/2 4	20/7/24	Wakiso	Physical assault	Unknown persons	The client linked up with a certain man who was unknown to him on Grindr and they started chatting for some few days. They agreed to meet in person. On the meeting day, the man came with 4 other men and they assaulted the client, took his belongings including his phone and they started calling the contacts in his phone including his parents and outed him that he was a homosexual.	1

# *ii)* Cases involving threats of violence based on sexual orientation and/or gender identity

A total of 4 cases involving threats of violence against persons on the basis of their real or presumed SOGIE were reported in July 2024. These directly affected 4 persons. All the 4 cases were threats of physical violence. The threats were perpetrated by family and religious leaders in 1 case, community leaders in 1 case, friends in 1 case and unknown persons in 1 case. Two cases happened in Wakiso and 1 case each in Gulu and Mbarara districts.

No.	Case code	Date of	District	Nature of	Perpetrator	Brief facts	No.	of
		reporting		threats			victims	
1.	HRAPF/PA/635/ 24	10/7/24	Wakiso	Threats of physical violence	Unknown persons	Persons unknown to the client were threatening to kill him if he did not vacate their village on suspicions that the client was a homosexual. Unknown people attempted to break into his house twice but they would find him awake.	1	
2.	HRAPF/PA/634/ 24	11/7/24	Mbarara	Threats of physical violence	Family members, Religious leaders	The client was chased away from home after his relatives learnt about his sexuality. He then went and started staying with a friend. However, his relatives continued following him up and even reported him to some Muslim leaders around their village who started following him and threatening him that if he did not get married, they would ensure that he is harmed and also ensure that he is evicted from their village.		
3.	HRAPF/PA/633/ 24	13/7/24	Wakiso	Threats of physical violence	Friends	The client belongs to a certain club which they formed for purposes of exercising and they usually convene and play various games. That some of the club members learnt about the client being a transgender man and they started	1	

						threatening to assault him if he did not quit being part of their group. That he has since stopped engaging in the club activities but some of the club members keep calling him and threatening to harm him if he doesn't stop 'acting and presenting himself as male yet he is female.'	
4.	HRAPF/PA/632/ 2024	16/7/24	Gulu	Threats of physical violence	Community leaders	The clients' friend outed her to her landlord that she works with an organisation which deals with Gay persons and accused her of recruiting young boys into homosexuality. Consequently, the clients' landlord reported her to the local area leaders who started threatening that they would harm her if she did not vacate the village. This forced the client to run away from the village in fear that she would be harmed.	1

# 3.2 Cases of arrests

There was a drastic increase in the number of arrests on sexuality related charges from 5 arrests in June affecting 5 individuals to 11 arrests in July affecting 14 individuals.

In 8 of these cases, the persons arrested were charged under the AHA 2023; in 5 cases the clients were charged with homosexuality, in 2 cases the clients were charged with promotion of homosexuality and in 1 case the client was charged with attempted homosexuality. In 3 cases the clients were charged under the Penal Code Act, in one case each, the clients were charged with impersonation, and unnatural offences. In 3 cases where the clients had been charged under the AHA, the charges were sanctioned by the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions and the clients were arraigned in courts of law, 2 on charges of promotion of homosexuality and 1 on charges of homosexuality. 2 cases were handled at Busia Chief Magistrate's Court while 1 case was handled

at the Mengo Chief Magistrate's Court. In 8 cases, the clients were released on police bond and these cases are still under investigation.

4 of these cases were registered from Kampala, 3 cases from Busia, 2 cases from Wakiso and 1 case each from Isingiro and Mukono districts.

This table provides a detailed breakdown of the arrests:

No.	Case	Date	of District	Charge	Brief facts	Number
	code	reporting				of
						Victims
1.	HRAPF /PA/66 4/24	1/7/24	Busia	Attempted homosexuality	The client had a conversation with a random person on Facebook. They chatted for some days and then agreed to meet at a certain bar in Busia town. On 1 <sup>st</sup> July 2024, the client met the person who revealed that he was a military officer and arrested the client and handed him over to the police. The client was subjected to an anal medical examination and charged with attempted homosexuality. He was released on 4 <sup>th</sup> July 2024.	1
2.	HRAPF /PA/66 3/24	5/7/24	Wakiso	Impersonation	On 5 <sup>th</sup> July 2024, the client, a transgender was at a bar where she worked as a karaoke performer. A man offered her client a drink, and the client passed out soon thereafter. When she regained consciousness, she found herself in a guest house totally naked surrounded by police officers. The officers asked her whether she was a man or a woman, and subsequently arrested her and detained her at Namungoona Police Station and charged her with impersonation. Videos of her dressing up later made their way on social media. She was granted police bond on the 6 <sup>th</sup> day of July 2024.	
3.	HRAPF	8/7/24	Wakiso	Homosexuality	On 8 <sup>th</sup> July 2024, the client hired a boda to ride him to his destination but upon reaching, the client had	2

	/PA/66 1/24				no money to pay him. The boda boda rider then rode the client to a boda boda stage and mobilised other riders who assaulted the client. They then dragged the client to a nearby police station. Upon reaching the station, the police officers started searching his bag and they found some lubricants, they immediately grabbed his phone and they also started checking it. During the process, the officers saw some gay porn videos in the client's phone and they detained him on allegations of homosexuality. One of the client's friends who had come to rescue him at police was also arrested and detained over the same charges. They were later released on police bond. The clients were detained for two days and they were released on the 10 <sup>th</sup> day of July 2024.	
4.	HRAPF /PA/66 2/24	8/7/24	Mukono	Unnatural offences	On 5 <sup>th</sup> July 2024, two men were found kissing in a bar in Lugazi. They were arrested and detained at Lugazi Police Station on charges of unnatural offences. The police checked their phones and found photos of them kissing and also checked their WhatsApp messages. They were later released on 11 <sup>th</sup> July 2024 on police bond after HRAPF lawyers served the police with an application for unconditional release before court.	2
5.	HRAPF /PA/66 2/24	9/7/24	Kampala	Promotion of homosexuality	The client met a man while he had gone for prayers at a nearby mosque next to his home and the two became friends. The client one time wrote a letter to the man expressing his love for him and the man reported the client to police and also took the letter which had been written to him to the police officers. The client was arrested on 3 <sup>rd</sup> July 2024 and charged with promotion of homosexuality. The charges were sanctioned by the Resident State Attorney and the	1

					client was arraigned in court on the 12 <sup>th</sup> day of July 2024 and he was remanded until 14 <sup>th</sup> August 2024.	
6.	HRAPF /PA/65 5/24	16 /7/24	Busia	Promotion of homosexuality	On 16 <sup>th</sup> July 2024, the client was found at a birthday party and he was arrested by police officers who accused him of having featured in a video clip which was recorded in 2023 while having sex with a fellow man. The officers stated that they had been looking for him since then. After 8 days in police custody, the client was consequently arraigned at Busia Chief Magistrates Court on 24 <sup>th</sup> July 2024 and he was remanded until 29 <sup>th</sup> August 2024.	1
7.	HRAPF /PA/65 6/24	17/07/24	Busia	Homosexuality and possession of government stores	On 17 <sup>th</sup> July, 2024, the client together with his friends were celebrating a birthday party for one of their colleagues when the defence councillor of the area with some police officers raided them and arrested the client on allegations of homosexuality and possession of government stores. They alleged that the client was in possession of several national identity cards some of which seemed forged and that some people had already notified them that the client was a homosexual. The client was arrested and detained at Busia police station on 17 <sup>th</sup> July 2024, he was arraigned at Busia Chief Magistrate's Court on 24 <sup>th</sup> July 2024 and remanded until 26 <sup>th</sup> August 2024.	1
8.	HRAPF /PA/65 9/24	22/07/24	Kampala	Homosexuality	The client reported a friend of his who had stolen his household property and a land title. Upon arrest, the friend instead started accusing the client of being a homosexual. The police officers at Nateete Police Station relied on the accusations made by the client's friend to arrest the client and charge him with homosexuality. He was arrested on 22 <sup>nd</sup> July 2024, spent 7 days in police custody, and released on police bond on 31 <sup>st</sup> July 2024 after HRAPF lawyers	1

					served the police with an application for unconditional release before court.	
9.	HRAPF /PA/65 7/24	25/07/24	Isingiro	Homosexuality	The client had been living with his wife and stepson. That the stepson had a tendency of getting drunk and destroying things at home and that he would even verbally abuse the client while drunk. Due to his stepsons' character, the client decided to chase his stepson away from his home. On 22 <sup>nd</sup> July 2024, he was summoned at police and he was informed that his stepson had reported him for having sodomised him. The client was required to make a statement in respect to the said allegations and he was thereafter released on police bond on the same day.	1
10.	HRAPF /PA/66 0/24	26/07/24	Kampala	Homosexuality	The client was at a restaurant where he used to be employed as a waiter and some men who usually frequented the restaurant called him outside. He immediately walked towards them thinking that they wanted to be served, but they instead pounced on him and they started assaulting him while accusing him of being a homosexual. After assaulting him, they reported him at Kabalagala Police Station nearby police station and he was arrested and detained on charges of homosexuality. The client's employer who terminated his contract. This client was arrested on 22 <sup>nd</sup> July 2024 and he was released on 25 <sup>th</sup> July 2024.	1
11.	HRAPF /PA/65 8/24	27/07/24	Kampala	Homosexuality	On 26 <sup>th</sup> July 2024, the client went to his friend's home to check on him after he had informed him that he wasn't feeling well. The client's friend father found them together in his friend's bedroom and he started interrogating them and asking the client the reason as to why they were both in the same room yet it was late in the night. The father started making an alarm	2

		something which attracted neighbours who came, and then he started accusing his son and the client of being homosexuals and with the assistance of the neighbours, they were taken to Kevina Police Post and then Kabalagala Police Station where they were detained and charged with homosexuality. They were released on police bond on 1 <sup>st</sup> August 2024 after HRAPF lawyers served the police with an application for unconditional release before court
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#### 3.3 Evictions

In July 2024, there were 10 cases of evictions from rented property that were reported to HRAPF's legal aid clinic, affecting 11 individuals. This was a reduction from the 12 cases recorded in July 2024, affecting 14 individuals. The cases were reported from the districts of Kampala (4), Wakiso (2), Mbarara (2) and 1 case each in Gulu and Kitgum. The evictions were perpetrated primarily by the property owners/ landlords (6), landlords working with the LC leadership in 2 cases and in 1 case each by neighbours and a friend.

No.	Case code	Date of reporting	District	Perpetrator	Brief facts	Number of Victims
1.	HRAPF/PA/63	07/07/202	Kampala	Landlord	The client was arrested on homosexuality related	1
	6/24	4			charges and upon his release, he went back to his	
					home but the information about his sexuality had	
					spread around the village and his landlord ordered	
					him to vacate his premises.	
2.	HRAPF/PA/64	15/07/24	Mbarara	Friend	The client had a friend who had offered to take him	1
	1/2024				back to school for adult learning. However, they had	
	,				a disagreement after the client refused to put on a	
					skirt as part of the school uniform and instead	
					insisted on putting on trousers. The clients' actions	
					did not go well with his friend who immediately	

					evicted him from the house which she had offered him and also stopped paying for his school fees.	
3.	HRAPF/PA/63 1/24	18/7/24	Wakiso	Landlord	Some of the client's neighbours started spreading rumours around the village and to her landlord about her sexuality. The neighbours had always pestered their landlord to evict her and consequently, the client's landlord issued her with an eviction notice ordering her to vacate the premises within two weeks' time.	1
4.	HRAPF/PA/64 2/24	18/07/24	Mbarara	Landlord	The client together with her friend whom she had been staying with for about a year, were evicted by their landlord on suspicions of being lesbians. She even reported them to the local area leaders who are currently offering assistance to the clients' landlord to ensure that the client not only vacate the house, but also leave the village.	2
5.	HRAPF/PA/64 0/2024	19/7/ 24	Wakiso	Neighbour	The client was arrested with 4 other friends and were detained at Wakiso Police Station and later arraigned at Wakiso Court on charges of unnatural offences. Upon their release from prison, he had nowhere to go and his friends offered to host him for some months as he organises himself. Unfortunately, after staying just a few days at his friends' home, one of the neighbours who had learnt about their arrest, started attacking him that he was a very bad boy and that he was the one encouraging his friends to practice homosexuality. On several occasions, he threatened to call police to come and arrest him if he did not leave. The client got scared and he decided to leave.	1
6.	HRAPF/PA/64 3/24	19/07/24	Kitgum	Landlord/Lo cal authorities	The client was issued with an eviction notice by his landlord ordering him to vacate his premises on suspicions that he was a homosexual. The area local leaders were also notified about the fact that the client was being evicted due to suspicions of being a	1

					homosexual, which they supported.	
7.	HRAPF/PA/63 8/2024	20/07/24	Kampala	Landlord	The client was arrested on charges of homosexuality and he was detained at Kabalagala Police Station. Upon his release on police bond, he went back to his rented house. Unfortunately, his landlord ordered him to vacate based on the charges.	1
8.	HRAPF/PA/64 4/24	20/07/24	Gulu	Landlord	The client's landlord ordered her to vacate her premises by end of July due to the fact that several people around the village had approached him complaining that the client is a lesbian.	1
9.	HRAPF/PA/63 9/2024	25/7/24	Kampala	Landlord	The client was arrested on homosexuality related charges and his arrest was highly publicised. Upon his release on police bond, his landlord ordered him to vacate his premises.	1
10.	HRAPF/PA/63 7/2024	26/7/24	Wakiso	Landlord	The client's friend outed him that he was gay. This was after he had a misunderstanding with his friend who had stolen his household property. That when the client blamed him he started accusing him of being gay and many of the client's neighbours including his landlord heard their arguments. The client's landlord started suspecting him of being gay and consequently he ordered him to vacate his premises by end of the month.	1

# 4. Comparison with June 2024

Although there was a reduction in the overall number of cases reported, the number of cases involving actions that deliberately targeted persons for negative treatment on basis of their real or presumed SOGIE slightly increased and the number of victims also increased. In June 2024, a total of 81 cases involving LGBTI persons were reported as compared to 72 cases reported in July 2024. In terms of cases where individuals were specifically targeted on the basis of their real or presumed SOGIE, there was an increase from 32 cases affecting 35 persons in June 2024, to 34 cases affecting 39 persons in July 2024.

In both months, the highest number of recorded cases were cases involving violence and threats of violence against individuals on the basis of their real or presumed sexual orientation, with 15 cases affecting 16 individuals in June and 14 cases involving 15 persons in July 2024. For the first time ever, cases of arrests overtook cases of evictions as there were 11 such cases in July 2024 affecting 14

individuals, increasing from 5 cases affecting 5 individuals in June 2024. There cases of evictions continued to reduce to 9 evictions affecting 10 persons in July 2024 from 12 cases affecting 14 individuals in June 2024.

A worrying trend is the increase in the number of arrests and the use of charges under the AHA. 11 cases of arrests for sexuality related offences were recorded. Surprisingly, in nine of these cases, the individuals were never caught in any sexual act or any semblance of were individuals caught in the sexual act but were rather found at their work places, or the police plied into their phones, or there were accused by neighbours without evidence. Nevertheless, the police arrested then and in some instances the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions preferred charges.

Anal examinations also resurfaced in at least one case – yet it is very clear that they are evidentially worthless and yet they greatly undermine the dignity, privacy and bodily autonomy of the victim.

Also pre-trial detention continues to be a big issue with those arrested spending more than 48 hours in police custody contrary to the provisions of the Constitution. In three of the cases, the persons were only released upon the police being served with applications for unconditional release that HRAPF lawyers had filed before courts of law.

### 5. Comparison with July 2023

In July 2023, two months after the AHA came into force, a total of 84 cases were handled involving LGBTIQ persons, of which 53 cases involved actions that directly targeted persons on the basis of their real or presumed SOGIE (63.1%) of all cases handled. The actions in these cases affected a total of 67 people and included 24 eviction cases, 21 cases of real or threatened violence and 6 arrests on sexuality related charges.

In contrast, 72 cases involving LGBTIQ persons were handled in July 2024, of which 34 cases involved actions of targeted/ deliberate homophobia (48.6% of all cases handled) and 39 persons were affected.

The number of cases in which individuals were specifically targeted for detrimental treatment purely on the basis of their SOGIE has reduced significantly between the two months, from 63.1% of all cases handled in July 2023, to 47.2% of all cases handled in July 2024, the 14<sup>th</sup> month of implementation of the AHA and the fourth consecutive month following the decision of the Constitutional Court doing away with some provisions of the Act.

### 6. The first 14 months of the AHA 2023 in Uganda

In the first 14 months of the AHA 2023, a total of 1,238 cases involving LGBTIQ persons have been handled across the legal aid network, of which 667 (53.9%) targeted LGBTIQ people on the basis of their sexuality, affecting a total of 850 persons. The breakdown of cases so far is as follows:

Nature of violation	June to December 2023	January 2024	February 2024	March 2024	April 2024	May 2024	June 2024	July 2024	Total number of cases
Existions		30	32	22	10	16	10	10	
Evictions	164		32	23	19	16	12	10	306
Violence	137	25	24	20	17	20	15	13	272
Arrests	38	4	3	9	8	5	5	11	83
Other forms of	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
discrimination									
Total	345	59	59	52	44	41	32	34	666

The victims in these cases are:

Nature of	June to	January	February	March	April	May	June	July 2024	Total
violation	Dec 2023	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024		number of
									victims
Evictions	204	35	47	26	23	17	14	11	377
Violence	171	32	32	20	20	22	16	15	328
Arrests	59	6	3	20	18	11	5	14	136
Other forms of	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
discrimination									
Total	440	73	82	66	61	50	35	40	847

Although evictions still have the highest number of cases of overall and the highest number of victims, there has been a noticeable reduction in their number since the Constitutional Court decision nullifying provisions criminalizing the letting of premises for purposes of homosexuality. This shows the power of decriminalization in reducing the numbers of violations. It is also clear that the

numbers of violations recorded are way above the pre-AHA period, against showing the effect of criminalisation on increasing the number of violations against LGBTIQ persons.

### 7. Conclusion

While the continued implementation of the AHA remains a major challenge for the LGBTIQ community in Uganda, it is evident that the position of the law has a huge bearing on the human rights situation for LGBTIQ persons, as it is now clear that the modification of the law by the Constitutional Court led to a reduction in some types of violence and violations on the basis of SOGIE in a trend that has more or less held steady over the past months. Those provisions of the law which were not nullified continue to be a big source of violence and violations against LGBTIQ persons, specifically arrests.